

Computational thinking

Cluster 3: STEM in a digital era

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Computational thinking

thinking or solving problems like computer scientists

a way of approaching and solving problems that draws upon principles from computer science and programming

Papert, 1980

thought processes involved in formulating problems and their solutions so that the solutions are represented in a form that can be effectively carried out by an information-processing agent

Wing, 2006

emphasizing the importance of thinking and understanding in and for doing computation.

Li et al., 2020

To think computationally means...

- to understand which aspects of the problem are machine-solvable,
- to evaluate the correspondence between the problem and the computational means,
- to understand the capabilities and limitations of computing resources,
- to apply computational means (technical means or abstract procedures and theoretical results) in a new way or in a new situation or adapt the means,
- to apply strategies of computer science in a different domain.

(Barr and Stephenson, 2011)

Computational thinking skills

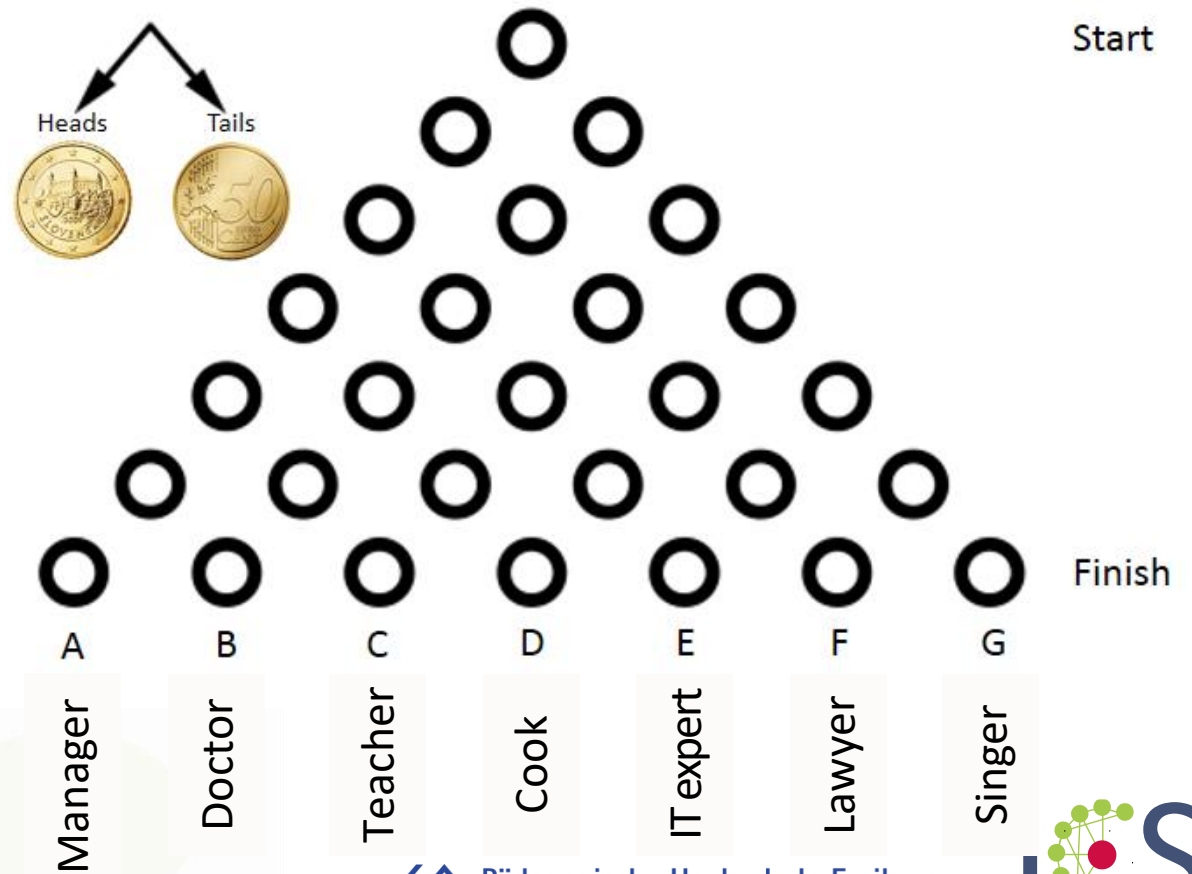
- Abstraction
- Representations
- Algorithmic thinking
- Problem decomposition
- Pattern recognition
- Generalisation
- Evaluation
- Debugging
- Iterative problem-solving
- Modelling and simulation
- Systematic reasoning and logical thinking



Toss a coin...

I suppose you have a coin in your wallet. You can use it to foretell your future career with the board below. Just start in the first line and toss the coin. When the head of the coin falls move in the left-down direction. When the tail with the value of the coin falls move in the right-down direction.

How many times do you need to toss the coin to reach the bottom line? I will reveal you your fated job according to the position at the bottom line.



Try it again

- Are you not satisfied with the profession that the magic board foretold to you? Try it again.
 - Use the table below to record your result from the first tossing.
 - Repeat the coin-tossing three more times. Record both, the resulting occupation and the way to it.
 - Where would you put your dream-job? Why?

Foretold occupation	Your way to it

Which computational thinking skills can be addressed using this activity?

- Abstraction
- Representations
- Algorithmic thinking
- Problem decomposition
- Pattern recognition
- Generalisation
- Evaluation
- Debugging
- Iterative problem-solving
- Modelling and simulation
- Systematic reasoning and logical thinking

Representating the paths

Left, right, right, left, left, right, right

T tail >><<><

H head

T head ↙↘↘↘↙↘

T tail

H head L, R, R, L, L, L

T head

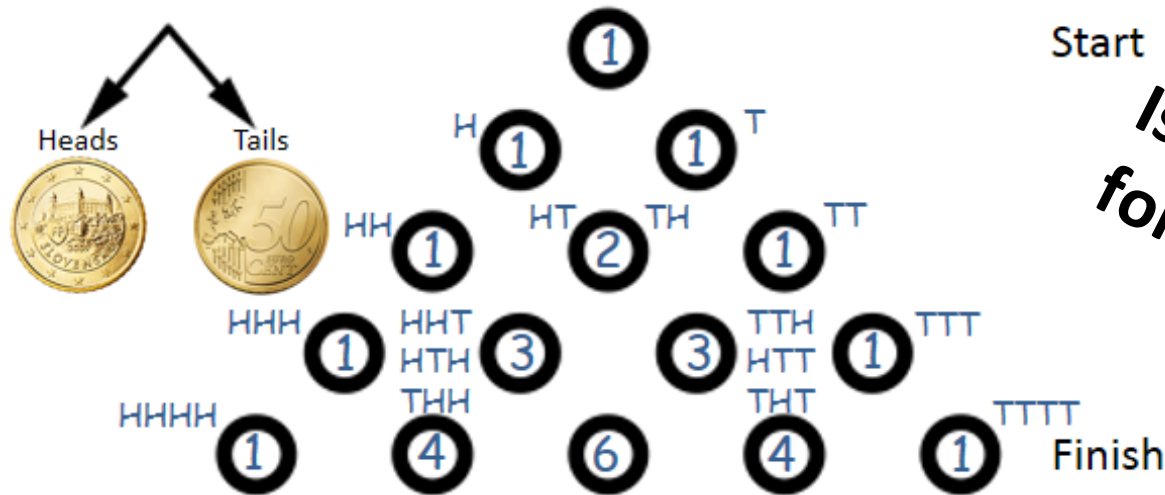
↙ down ↘ down ↘ down ↘ down ↙ down ↘ down

4T, 1H, 1T

3right, 1left, 2right

Which **representation** is suitable for the use of computer?

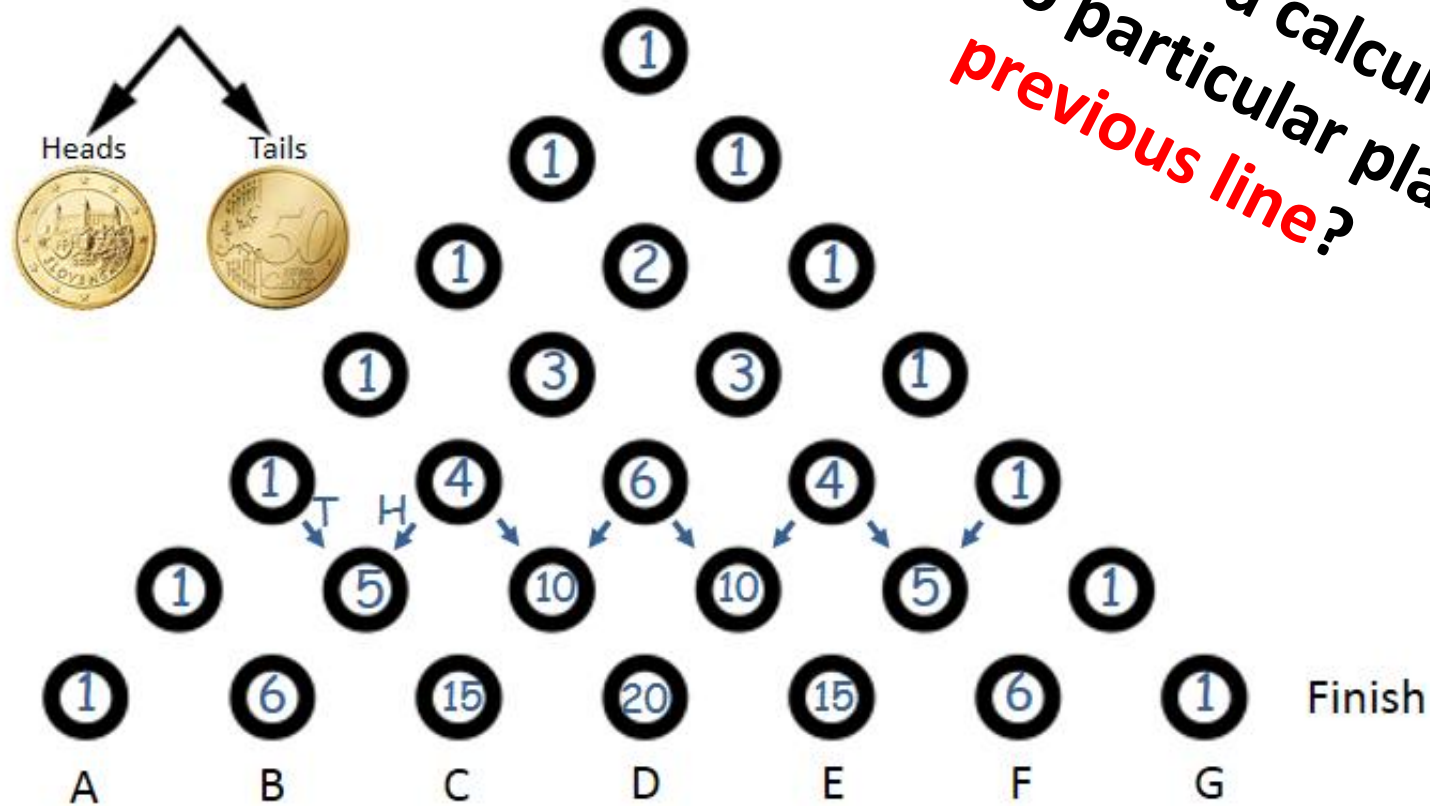
Describing procedures as algorithms



HHTT, HTHT,
HTTH, THHT,
THTH, TTTH

Describe **the procedure** to list all the possible ways to particular point.
Is it suitable for the use of computer?

Recognising patterns



Can you calculate the number of ways to particular place **based on the previous line?**

The <colette/> app

Introduction Workshop for Teachers

Computational Thinking Learning Environment for Teachers in Europe

Sylvia van Borkulo, Utrecht University, s.vanborkulo@uu.nl

<colette/>

Computational Thinking Learning Environment for Teachers in Europe



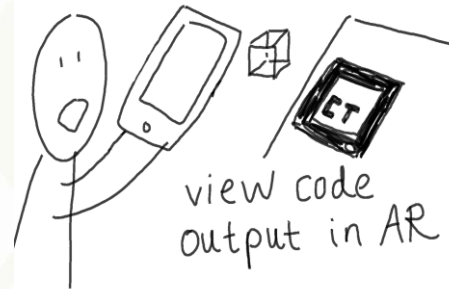
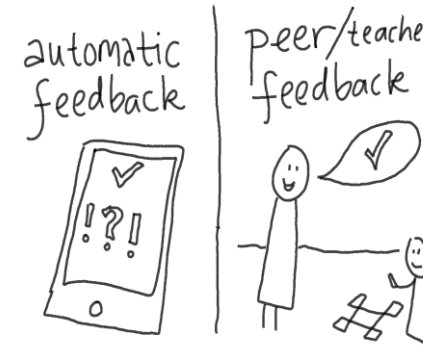
- 1  outentek
- 2  GOETHE
UNIVERSITÄT
FRANKFURT AM MAIN
- 3  JKU
JOHANNES KEPLER
UNIVERSITÄT LINZ
- 4  UNIVERSITÄT
SALZBURG
- 5  UFR Lyon 1
- 6  Utrecht University

<colette/> is co-founded by the European Union as part of the Erasmus+ Programme, Key Action 2 – Strategic Partnerships under the number: 2020-1-DE03-KA201-077363

Welcome!

<colette/>

Computational Thinking Learning Environment for Teachers in Europe



Our agenda today

Trying out the
<colette/> App

Homework:
Information
and Download



Background of <colette/>
Questions and Answers

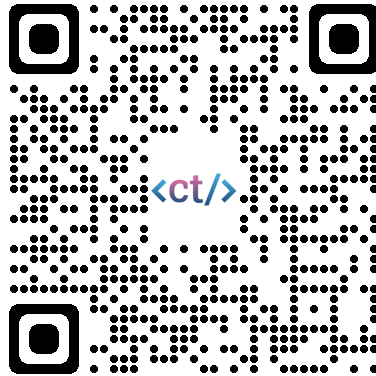
Discussion

Aspects of <colette/>

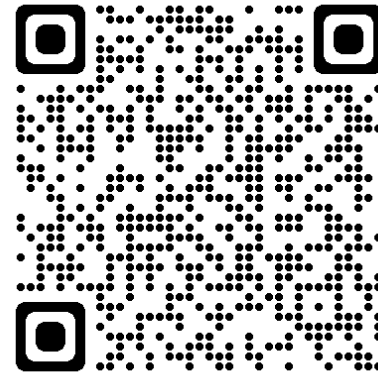
- Web portal for teachers
- App for students
- Tasks that integrate CT into school mathematics
- Teacher trainings
- Handbook for educators and teachers

Download App “colette-project”

[App Store Link](#)



[Play Store Link](#)



Task Families

Building Cubes

Drone AR

Jumping

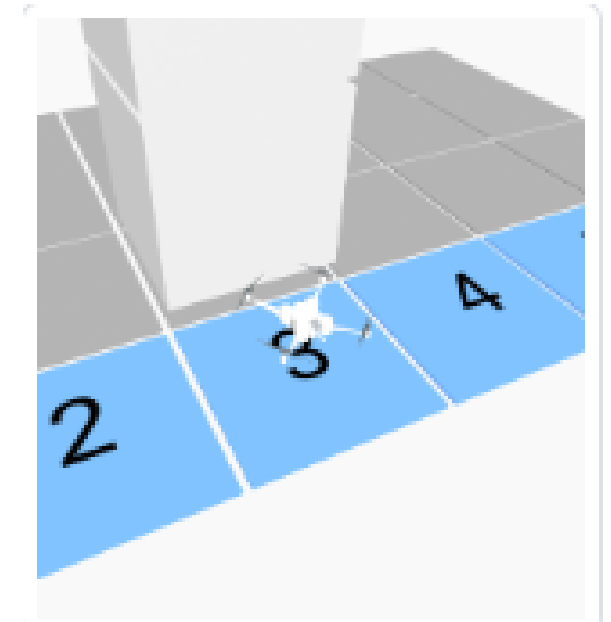
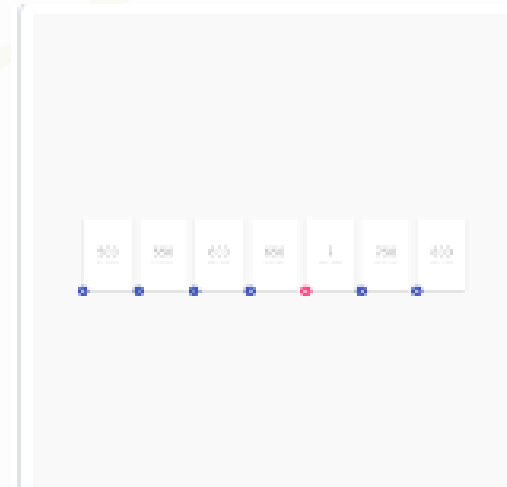
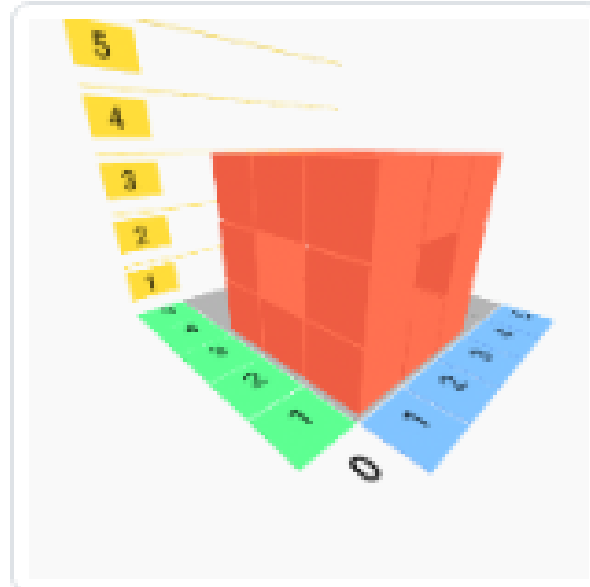
Truchet Explorer

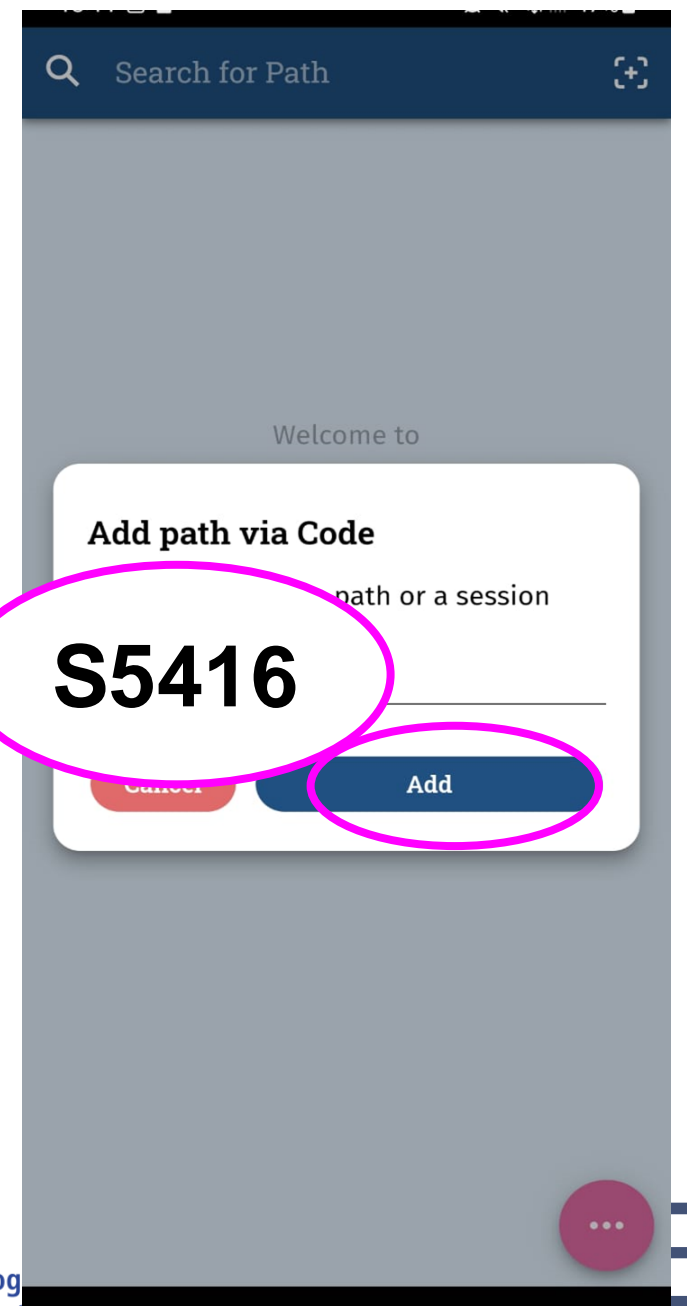
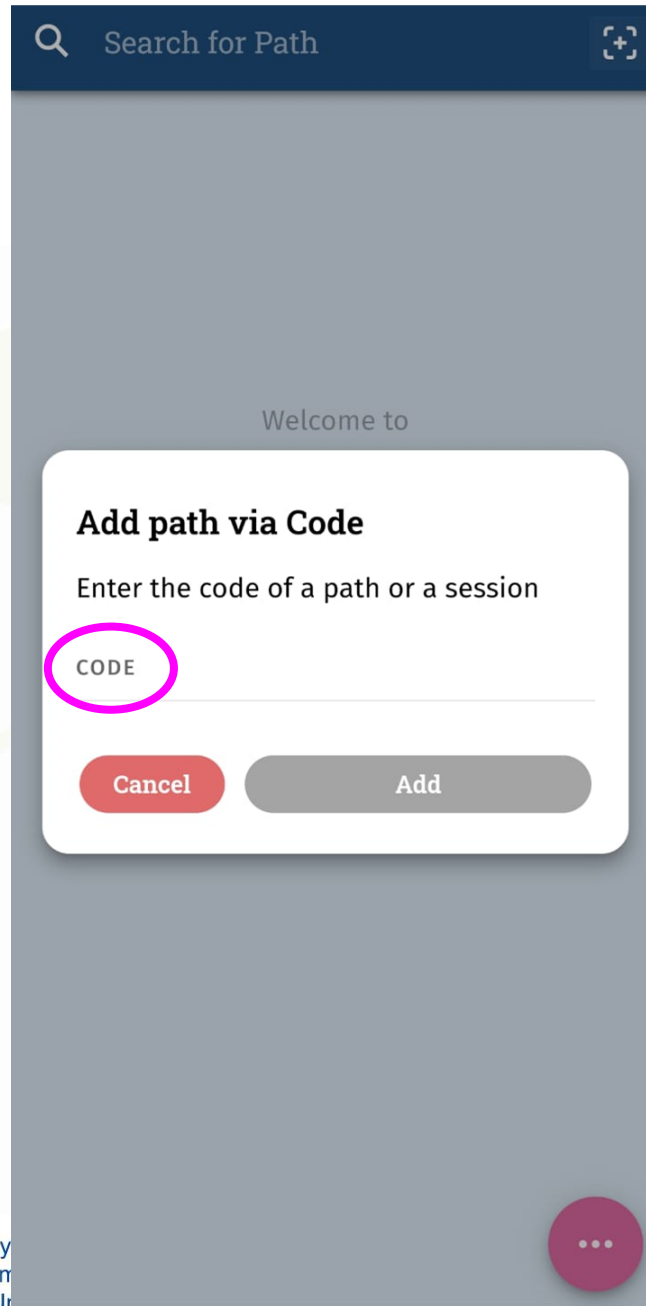
Process Diagram

Draw o Bot

Graph Algorithms


Linear Patterns





13:11 47%


Search for Path

 **Colette Introduction of Ap...**
3 TASKS

13:11 47%

←

Colette Introduction of App and Webportal




TASKS
3


L-Shape: App testing Please test the app with this three-task practice learning path: As previously discussed, a sequence of tasks in the <colette/> web portal is called a path. Creating a path means that you create a sequence of tasks with varying degrees of difficulty, which usually start with the easier tasks and then complicate things so that students automatically realize, for example, that the use of loops is necessary. This learning path contains three tasks with different levels of difficulty


Start


13:11 47%

← **Colette Introduction of ...**

 #1 **Task 1: L-Shape...**

 #2 **Task 2: Using Loops (L-...**

 #3 **3 Task (CCTV Tower): Neste...**



← #1 Task 1: L-Shape (Intr...)

Controls Maths Cubes Variabl

Initialise cubes

TASK DESCRIPTION

Implement an algorithm that takes a horizontal L-shape of height 1 and the origin at the starting position $X=1, Y=1, Z=1$ Learning objective: Learn how to use the building blocks in

Hint #1 Hint #2 Hint #3

← #1 Task 1: L-Shape (Intr...)

Controls Maths **Cubes** Variabl

Initialise cubes Set a block at x: 3 y: 2

TASK DESCRIPTION

Implement an algorithm that takes a horizontal L-shape of height 1 and the origin at the starting position $X=1, Y=1, Z=1$ Learning objective: Learn how to use the building blocks in

Hint #1 Hint #2 Hint #3

← #1 Task 1: L-Shape (Intr...)

Controls Maths Cubes Variabl

repeat 1 times count with i from 1

do do

TASK DESCRIPTION

Implement an algorithm that takes a horizontal L-shape of height 1 and the origin at the starting position $X=1, Y=1, Z=1$ Learning objective: Learn how to use the building blocks in

Hint #1 Hint #2 Hint #3

Test

Check

Co-funded by
Erasmus+ Programme
European Union

Test

Check

Pädagog

Université des Sciences de l'Éducation - University of Education

Test

Check

International Centre for STEM Education

Initialise cubes

```

Set a block at x: 3 y: 2 z: 1
Set a block at x: 3 y: 2 z: 1
Set a block at x: 3 y: 2 z: 1

```

Zoom in/out



Drag to delete block-based command



Show the whole task description and hints

Show Task ^

Test

Check



GO BACK TO THE LIST OF TASKS

Center the code

Initialise cubes

```

Set a block at x: 3 y: 2 z: 1
Set a block at x: 3 y: 2 z: 1
Set a block at x: 3 y: 2 z: 1

```

Undo/redo

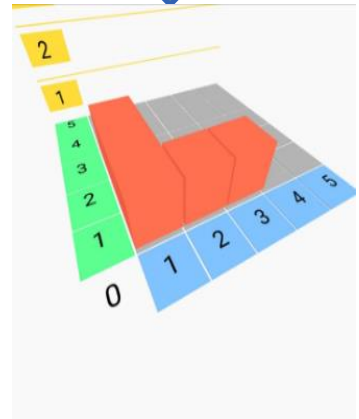
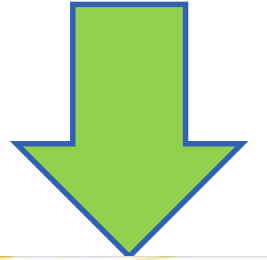


Show Task ^

Test

Check

image again



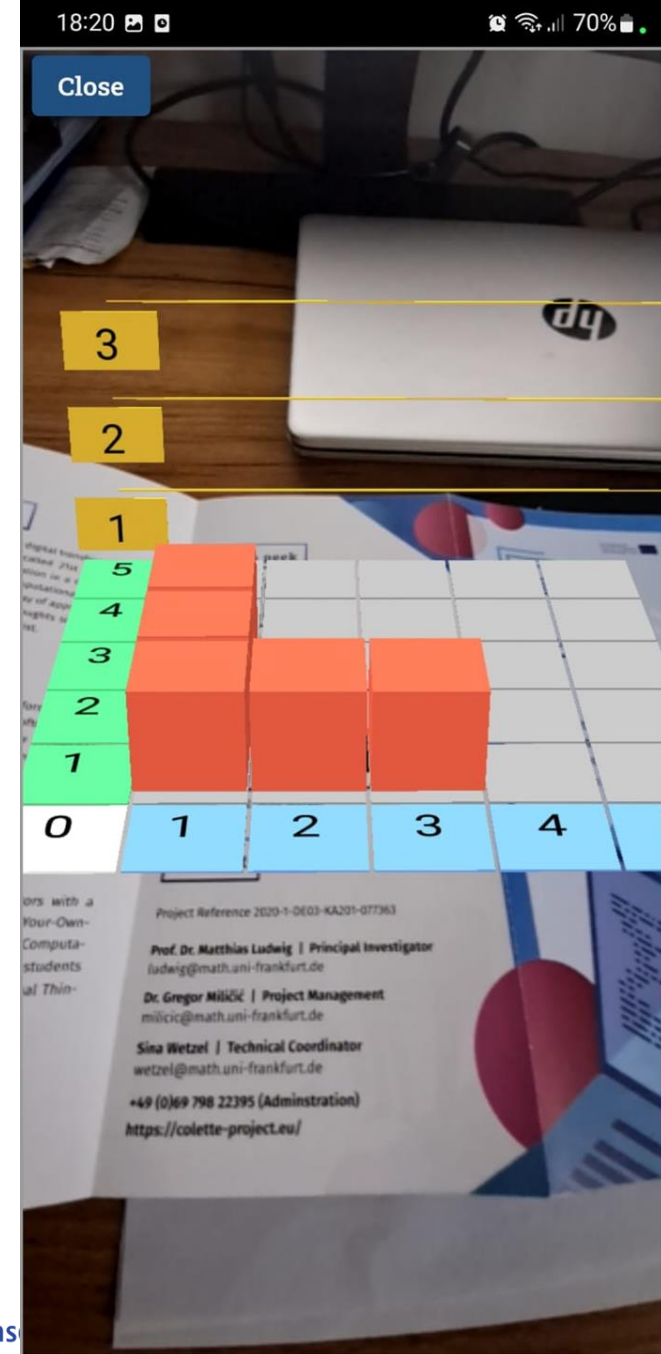
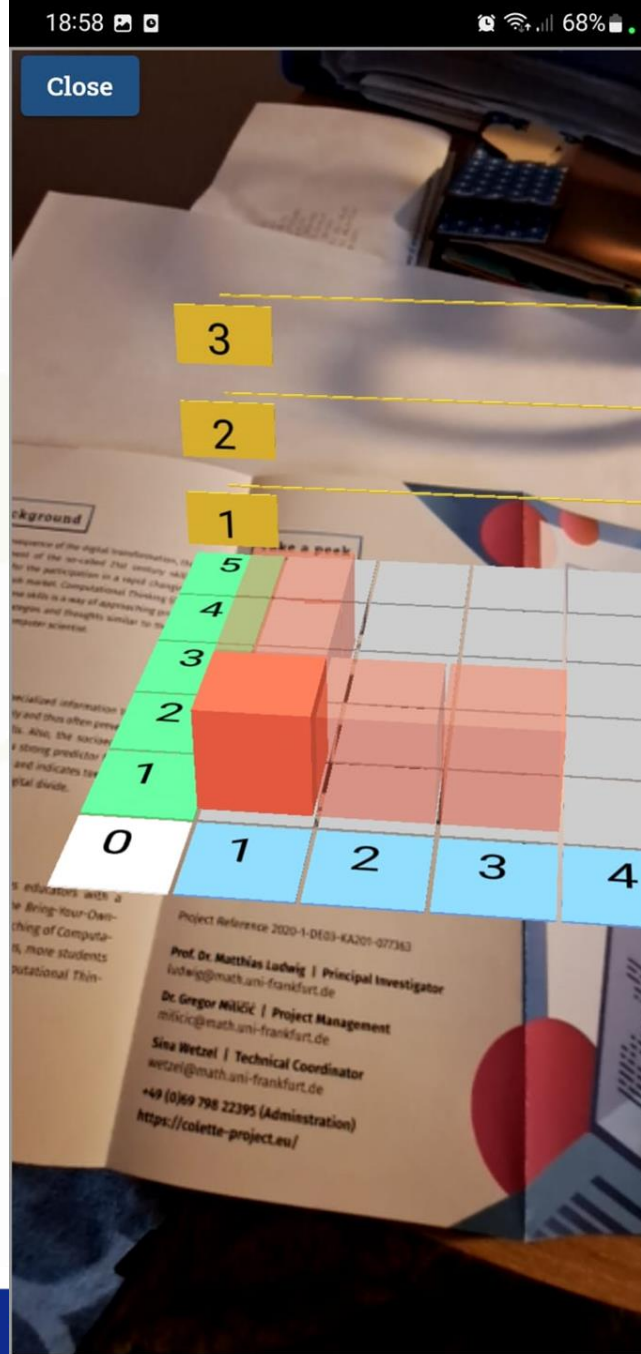
Test solution via AR

Testing the code with AR



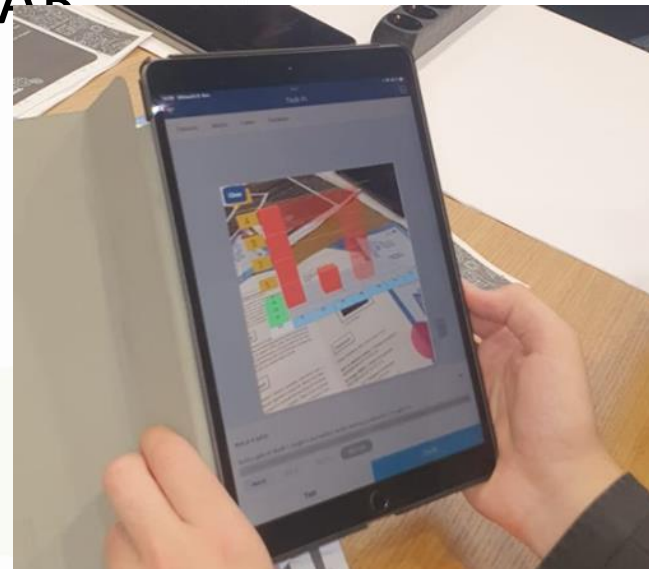
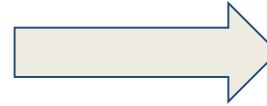
AR marker

1. Get your printed AR marker
2. Click "Test"
3. Accept access to the camera
4. Point the camera at the CT marker
5. Check your solution in AR



The AR function

1. Get your printed version of the CT marker
2. Select to check/view your solution
3. Accept "Access to camera"
4. Point the camera to the CT marker
5. View the result of your code in AR



Initialise cubes

Set a block at x: 3 y: 2 z: 1

Set a block at x: 2 y: 1 z: 1

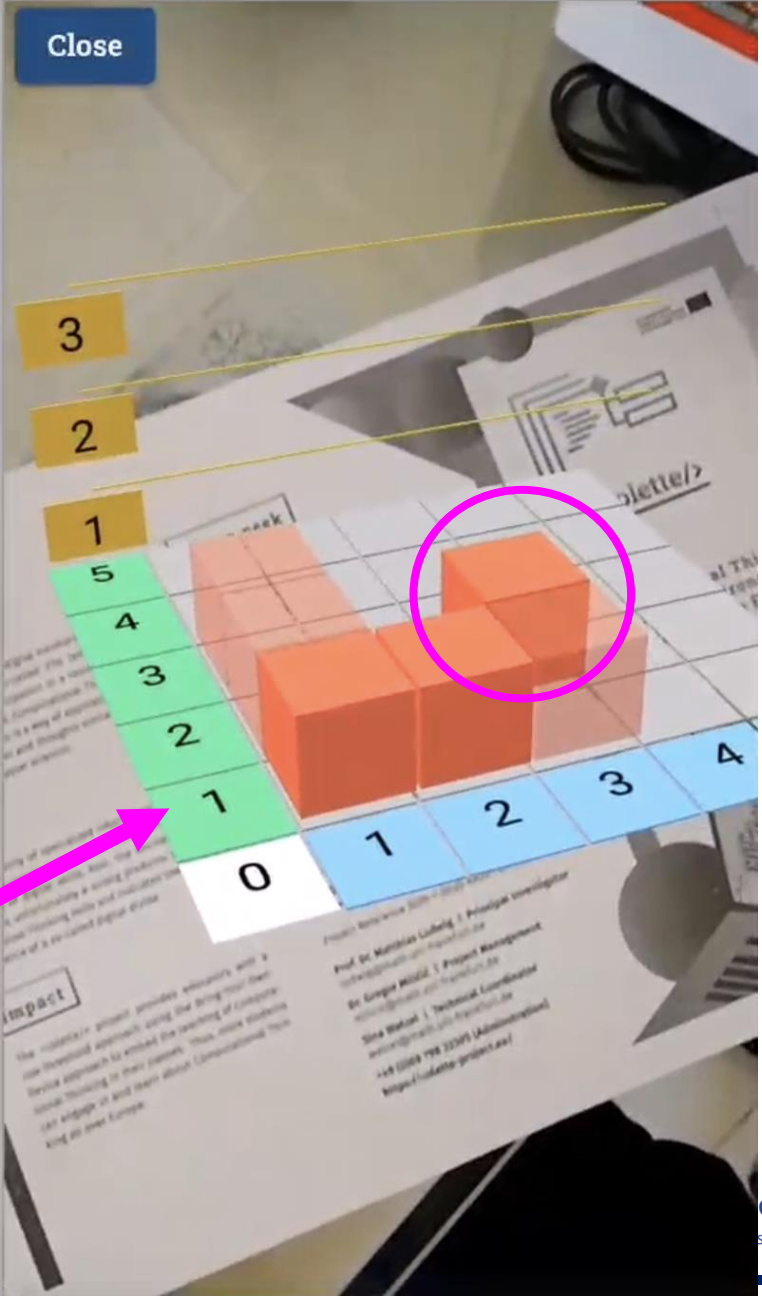
Set a block at x: 1 y: 1 z: 1

Navigation icons: Home, +, -, Undo, Redo, Delete

Show Task ^

Test

Check



Initialise cubes

Set a block at x: 3 y: 2 z: 1

Set a block at x: 2 y: 1 z: 1

Set a block at x: 1 y: 1 z: 1

Change value:

1 |

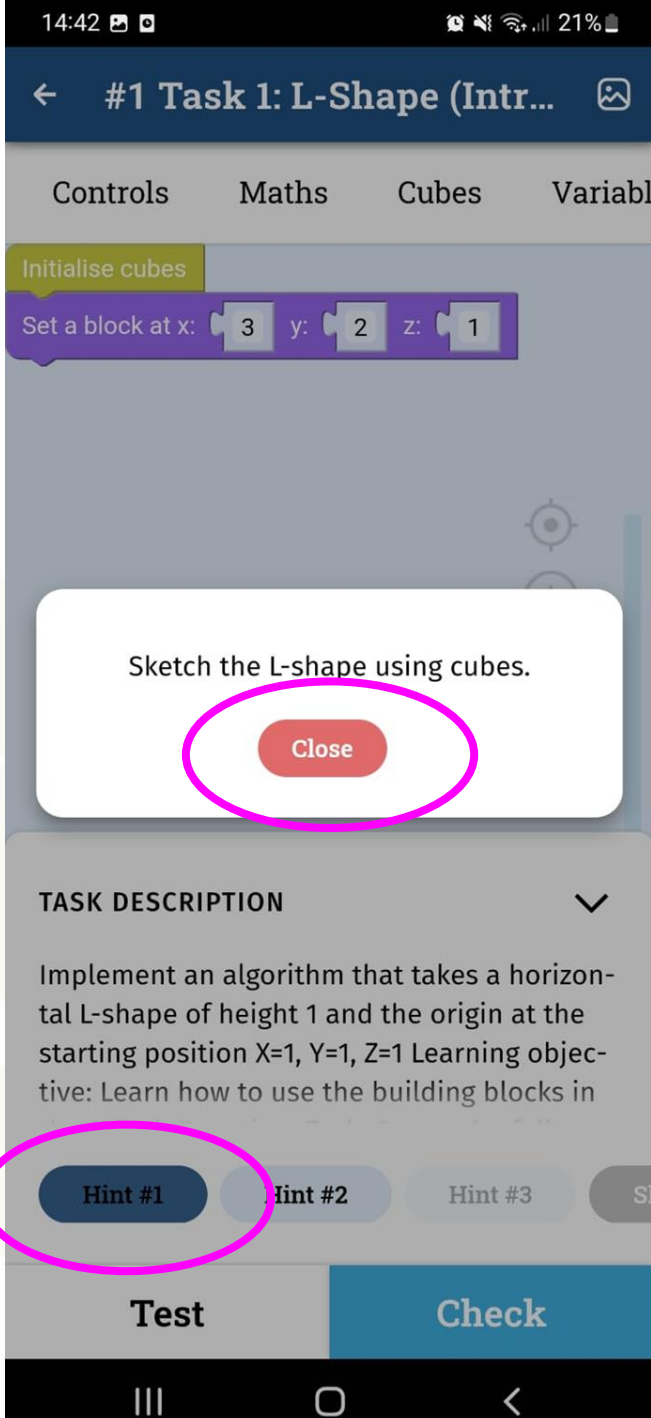
CANCEL OK

Show Task ^

Enter the new value of "y", then click on "OK"

Test

Check



Sketch the L-shape using cubes.

Close

TASK DESCRIPTION

Implement an algorithm that takes a horizontal L-shape of height 1 and the origin at the starting position X=1, Y=1, Z=1 Learning objective: Learn how to use the building blocks in

Hint #1

Hint #2

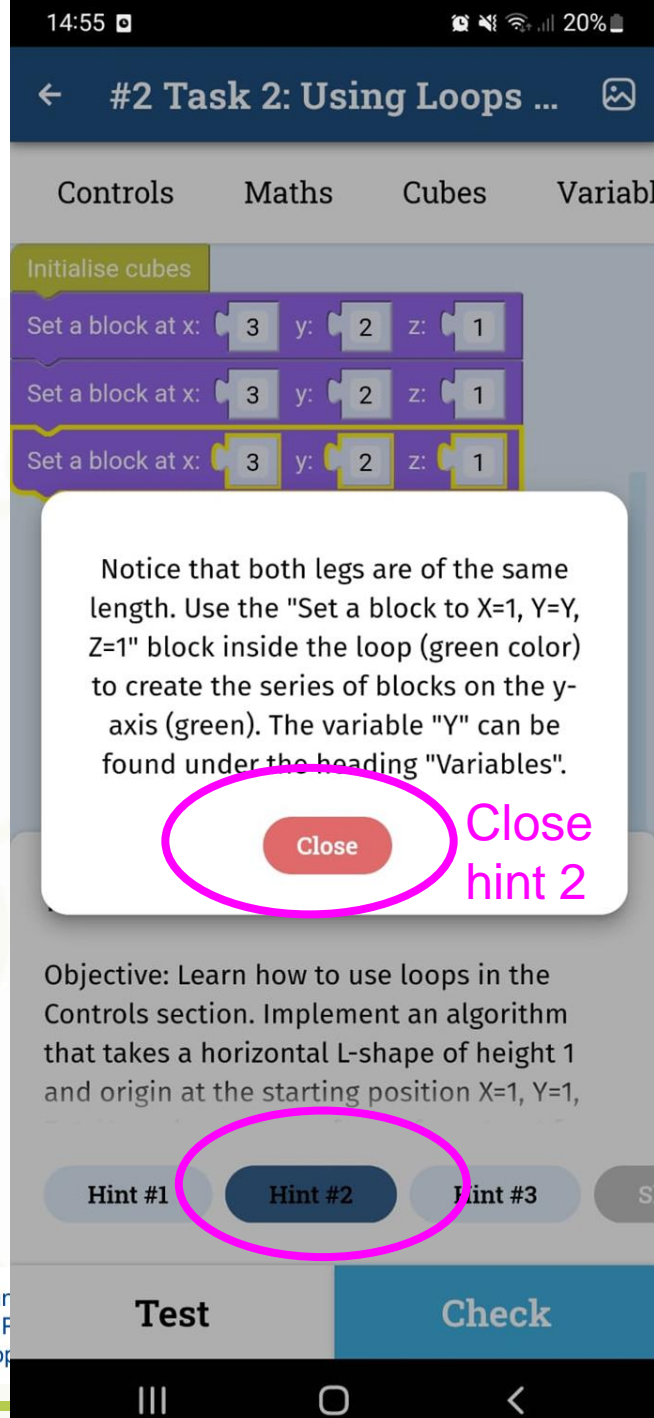
Hint #3

Test

Check

Close
hint 1

hints



Notice that both legs are of the same length. Use the "Set a block to X=1, Y=Y, Z=1" block inside the loop (green color) to create the series of blocks on the y-axis (green). The variable "Y" can be found under the heading "Variables".

Close

Close
hint 2

Objective: Learn how to use loops in the Controls section. Implement an algorithm that takes a horizontal L-shape of height 1 and origin at the starting position X=1, Y=1,

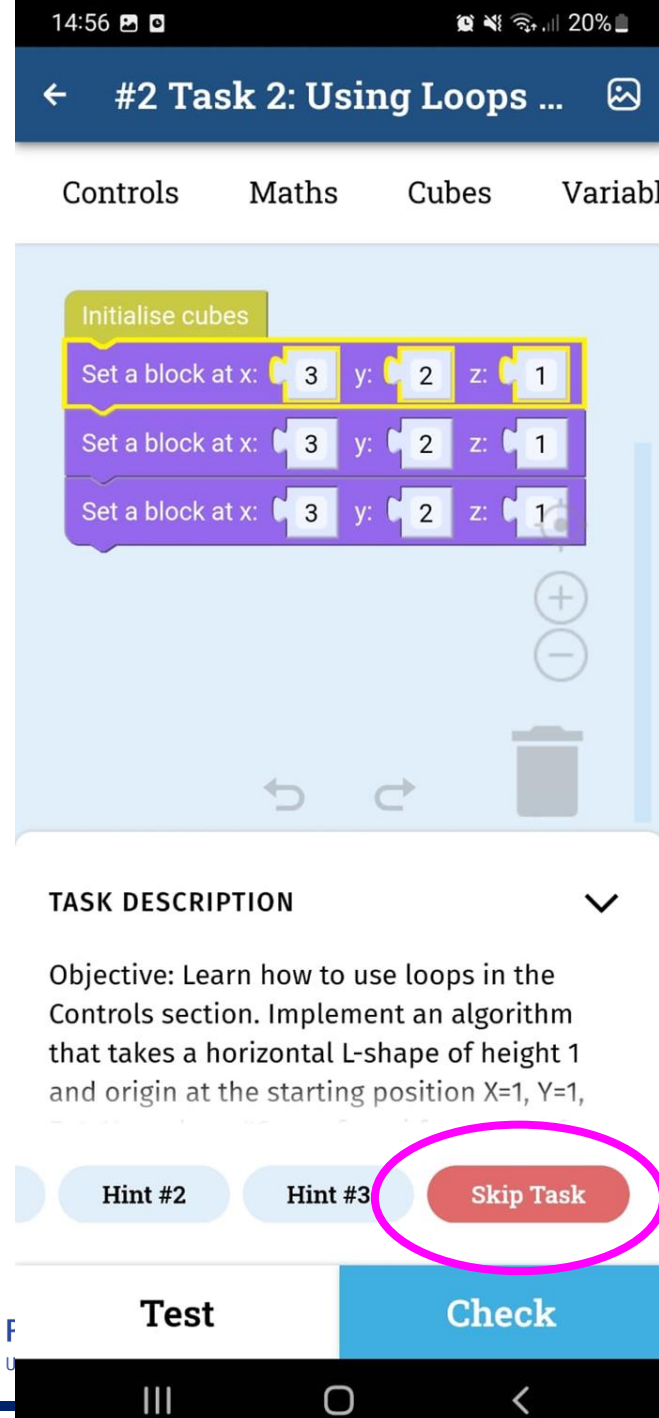
Hint #1

Hint #2

Hint #3

Test

Check



#2 Task 2: Using Loops ...

Controls Maths Cubes Variabl

Initialise cubes

Set a block at x: 3 y: 2 z: 1

Set a block at x: 3 y: 2 z: 1

Set a block at x: 3 y: 2 z: 1

TASK DESCRIPTION

Objective: Learn how to use loops in the Controls section. Implement an algorithm that takes a horizontal L-shape of height 1 and origin at the starting position X=1, Y=1,

Hint #2

Hint #3

Skip Task

Test

Check

Skip the
task

14:42 21%

#1 Task 1: L-Shape (Intr...)

Controls Maths Cubes Variabl

Initialise cubes

Set a block at x: 3 y: 2 z: 1

Failure!

Sadly your solution doesn't produce the desired result.

CLOSE

TASK DESCRIPTION

Implement an algorithm that takes a horizontal L-shape of height 1 and the origin at the starting position X=1, Y=1, Z=1 Learning objective: Learn how to use the building blocks in

Hint #1 Hint #2 Hint #3

Test **Check**

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us+ Programme
European Union

14:43 21%

#1 Task 1: L-Shape (Intr...)

Controls Maths Cubes Variabl

Initialise cubes

Set a block at x: 1 y: 1 z: 1

Set a block at x: 3 y: 1 z: 1

Set a block at x: 2 y: 1 z: 1

Set a block at x: 1 y: 2 z: 1

Set a b...

Success!

You solved the task successfully

CLOSE **TO LIST**

TASK DESCRIPTION

Implement an algorithm that takes a horizontal L-shape of height 1 and the origin at the starting position X=1, Y=1, Z=1 Learning objective: Learn how to use the building blocks in

Hint #1 Hint #2 Hint #3

Test Check

ogische P
es Sciences de l

14:48 20%

← 16.5.2023 Demo

Good Luck, Time Remaining
eva 17593h 54m 26s

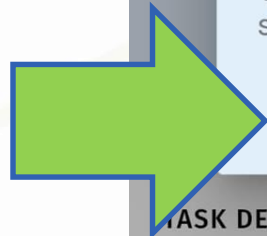
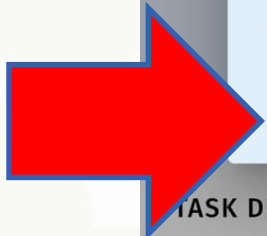
#1 Task 1: L-Shape...

#2 Task 2: Using Loops (L-...

#3 3 Task (CCTV Tower): Neste...

Move on to the next tasks in the path

Wrong solution



Move on to the next tasks in the path

Hands on!

S5416 Architect in the virtual world

Go to breakout room until...



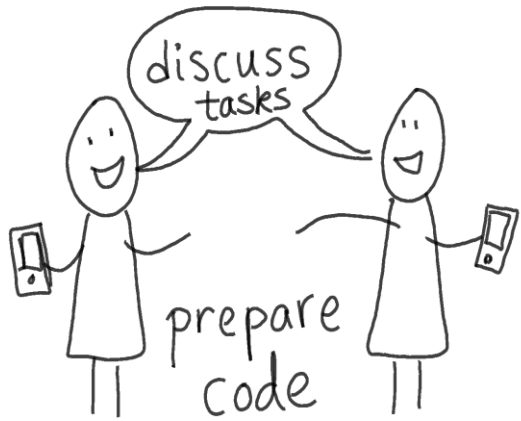
Discussion

What do you notice?

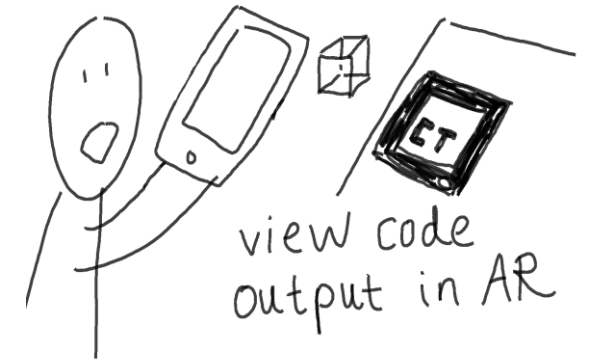
What do you wonder?

How could you use this in your class?

Comments, impressions, keywords, questions...



Connection to gaming - entertainment factor



Visualisation



Advantages

Increase motivation and collaboration



Use it anywhere



collaborate & work individually

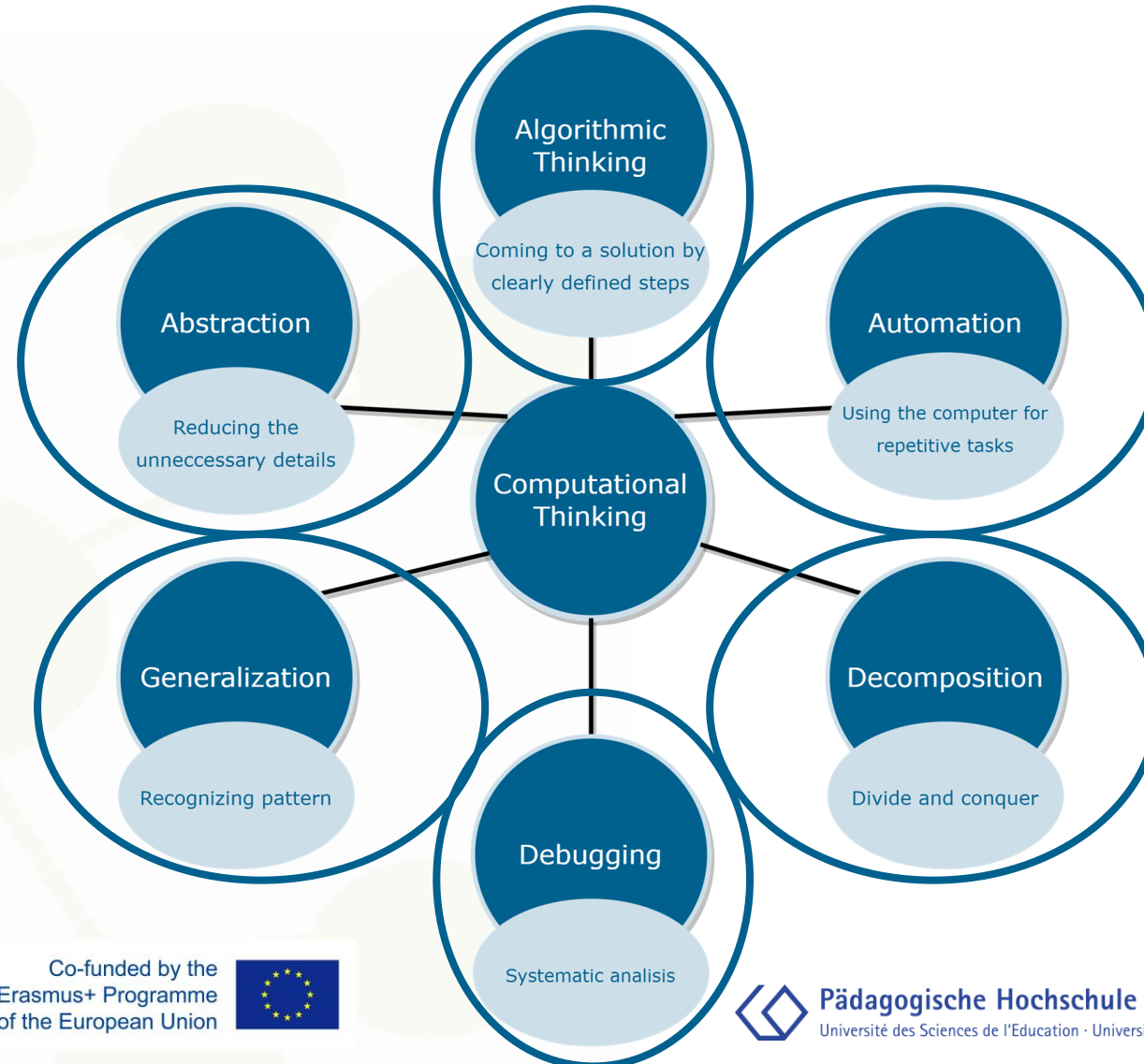
automatic feedback



peer/teacher feedback



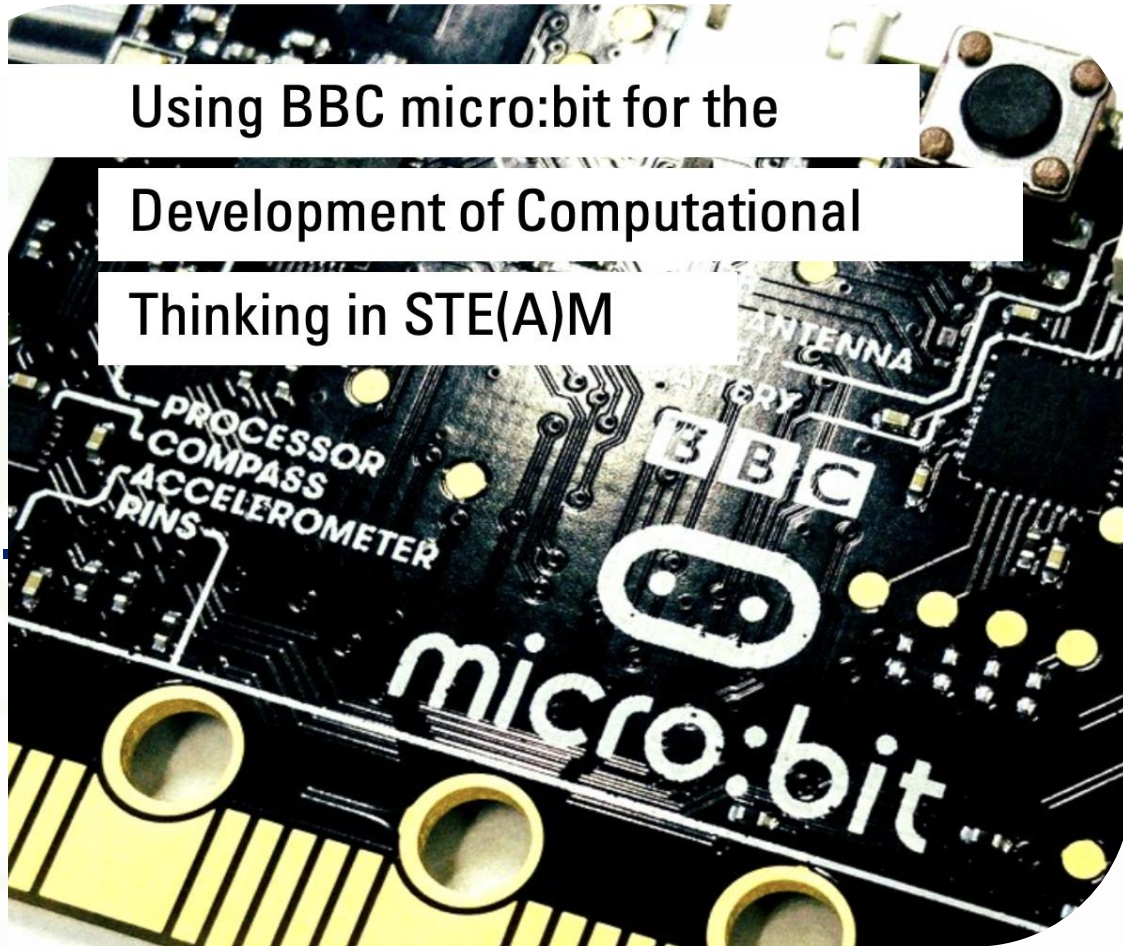
CT Background information



Using BBC micro:bit for the

Development of Computational

Thinking in STE(A)M



Martin Cápay

mcapay@ukf.sk



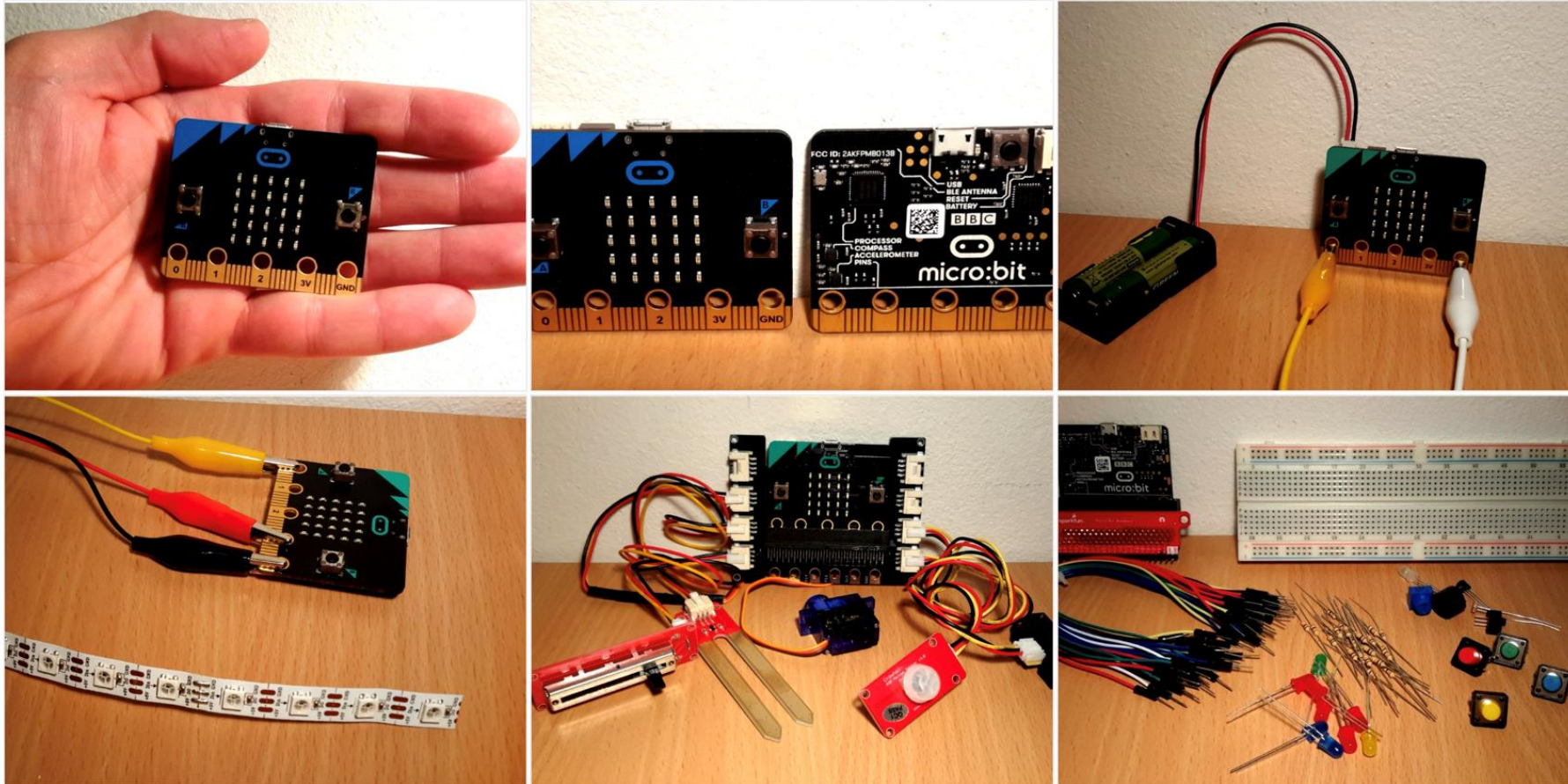
CONSTANTINE
THE PHILOSOPHER
UNIVERSITY
IN NITRA

BBC micro:bit

„The micro:bit is a small uncased circuit board with a display made up of 25 LEDs, a couple of buttons, and some sensors. Crucially, it has a micro-USB socket that allows you to connect it to your computer both to power it and to send programs to it. The micro:bit can also be connected to a battery pack so that it can be used without your computer.“

(Programming the BBC micro, Simon Monk)

Levels of using BBC micro:bit



(Not only) Block Based Programming

Microsoft | micro:bit

Blocks JavaScript

Search...

- Basic
- Input
- Music
- Led
- Radio
- Loops
- Logic
- Variables
- Math
- Extensions
- Advanced

on button B pressed

change B by 1

on button A pressed

change A by 1

on shake

show number max of A and B

set A to 0

set B to 0

clear screen

on start

set A to 0

set B to 0

Download

Maximum AB

<https://makecode.microbit.org/>

Classroom Management System

The screenshot displays the 'micro:bit classroom' interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with buttons for 'Setup', 'Invite', 'Save', 'End session', and a help icon. Below this, a 'Class' sidebar lists participants: 'reyhan' (Offline), 'Sevde Nur' (Offline), 'SIBEL' (Offline), 'Sylvia van Borkulo NL' (Offline), 'Torunn' (Offline), and 'valandes' (Offline). The main area shows 'You' with 'Edit code' and 'Send code' buttons. The code editor contains two programs:

- Program 1:** Triggered by 'on shake', it displays a 5x5 grid of LEDs. The center three LEDs in the second and third rows are lit blue.
- Program 2:** Triggered by 'on button A pressed', it clears the screen and shows the string 'Water'.
- Program 3:** Triggered by 'on button B pressed', it clears the screen and shows the string 'Frozen'.

At the bottom left, it indicates 'Joined: 32'.

<https://classroom.microbit.org/>

Riddles from Attendees

```
on button A pressed
clear screen
show string "car"
```

```
on button B pressed
clear screen
show string "german"
```

```
on shake
show leds
[grid]
```

```
on button A pressed
clear screen
show string "growing"
```

```
on button B pressed
clear screen
show string "tree"
```

```
on shake
show leds
[grid]
```

```
on button A pressed
clear screen
show string "weather"
```

```
on button B pressed
clear screen
show string "Warm"
```

```
on shake
show leds
[grid]
```

```
on button A pressed
clear screen
show string "Animal"
```

```
on button B pressed
clear screen
show string "Long"
```

```
on shake
show leds
[grid]
```

```
on button A pressed
clear screen
show string "winter"
```

```
on button B pressed
clear screen
show string "play"
```

```
on shake
show leds
[grid]
```

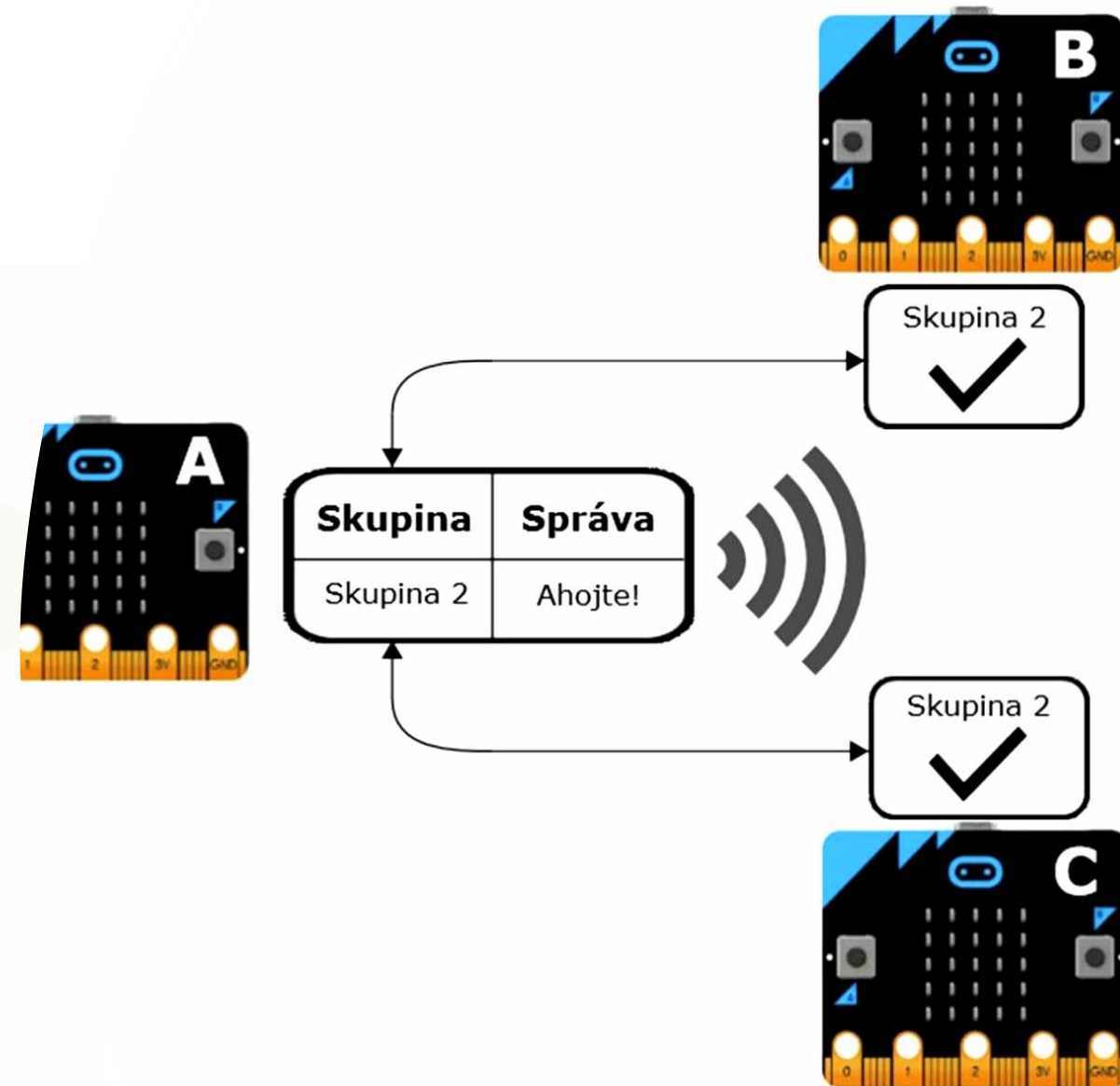
```
on button A pressed
clear screen
show string "Strategy"
```

```
on button B pressed
clear screen
show string "Game"
```

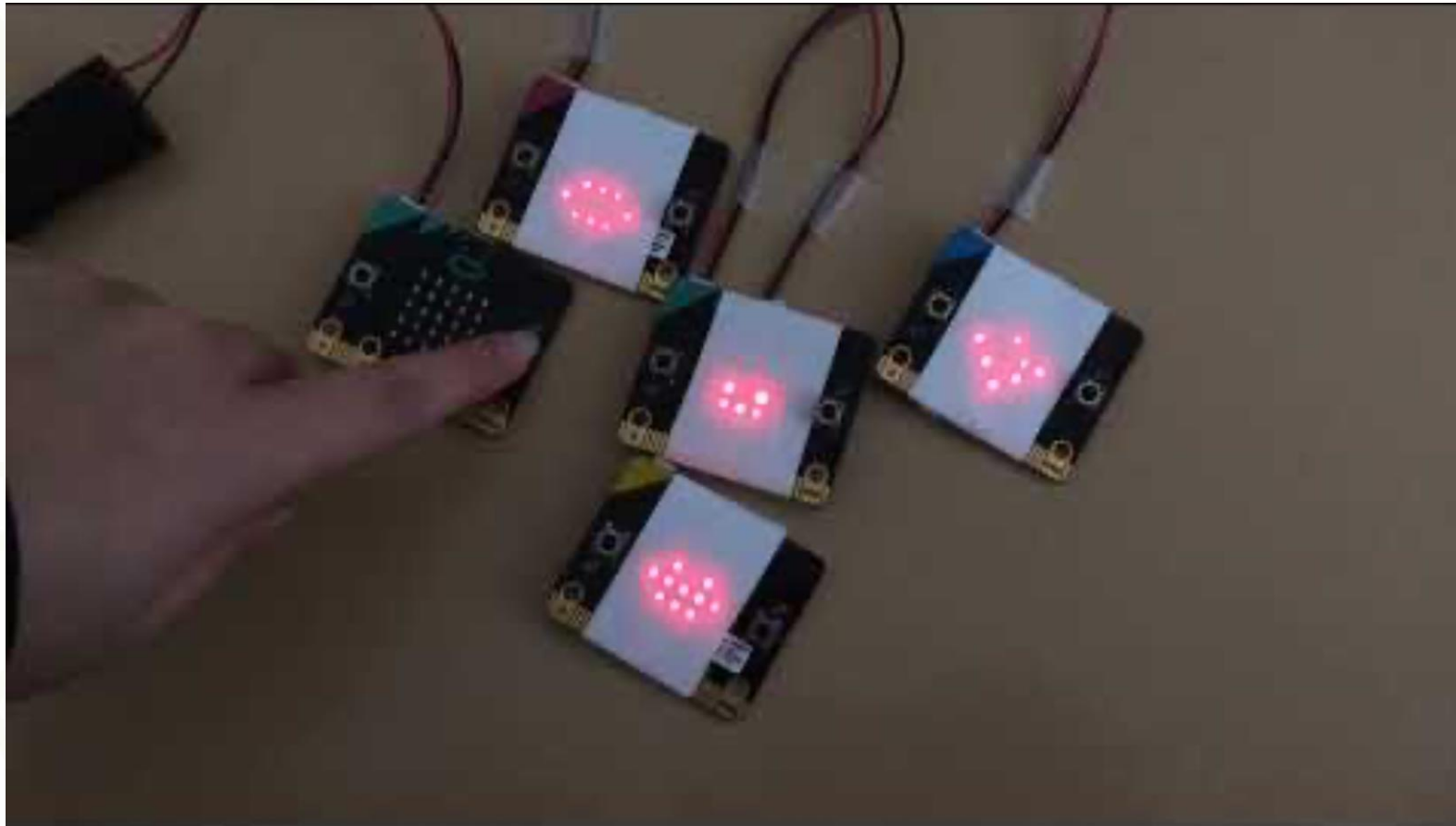
```
on shake
show leds
[grid]
```


Radio Communication

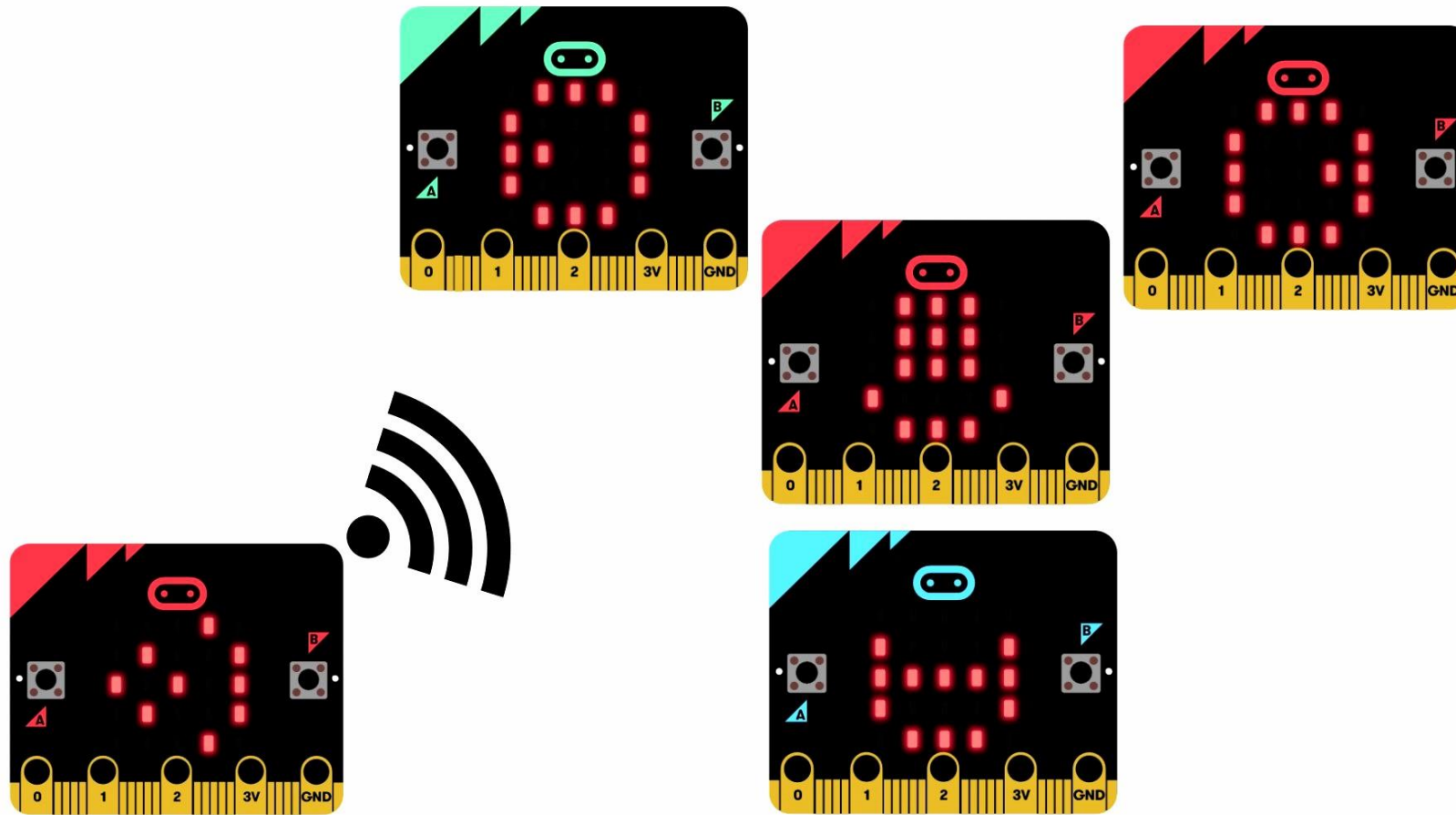
Micro:bits can communicate with each other. It works similarly to walkie-talkies. A microbit can be both a transmitter and a receiver at the same time. It can process the received message and so we can create many tasks based on the remote control principle.



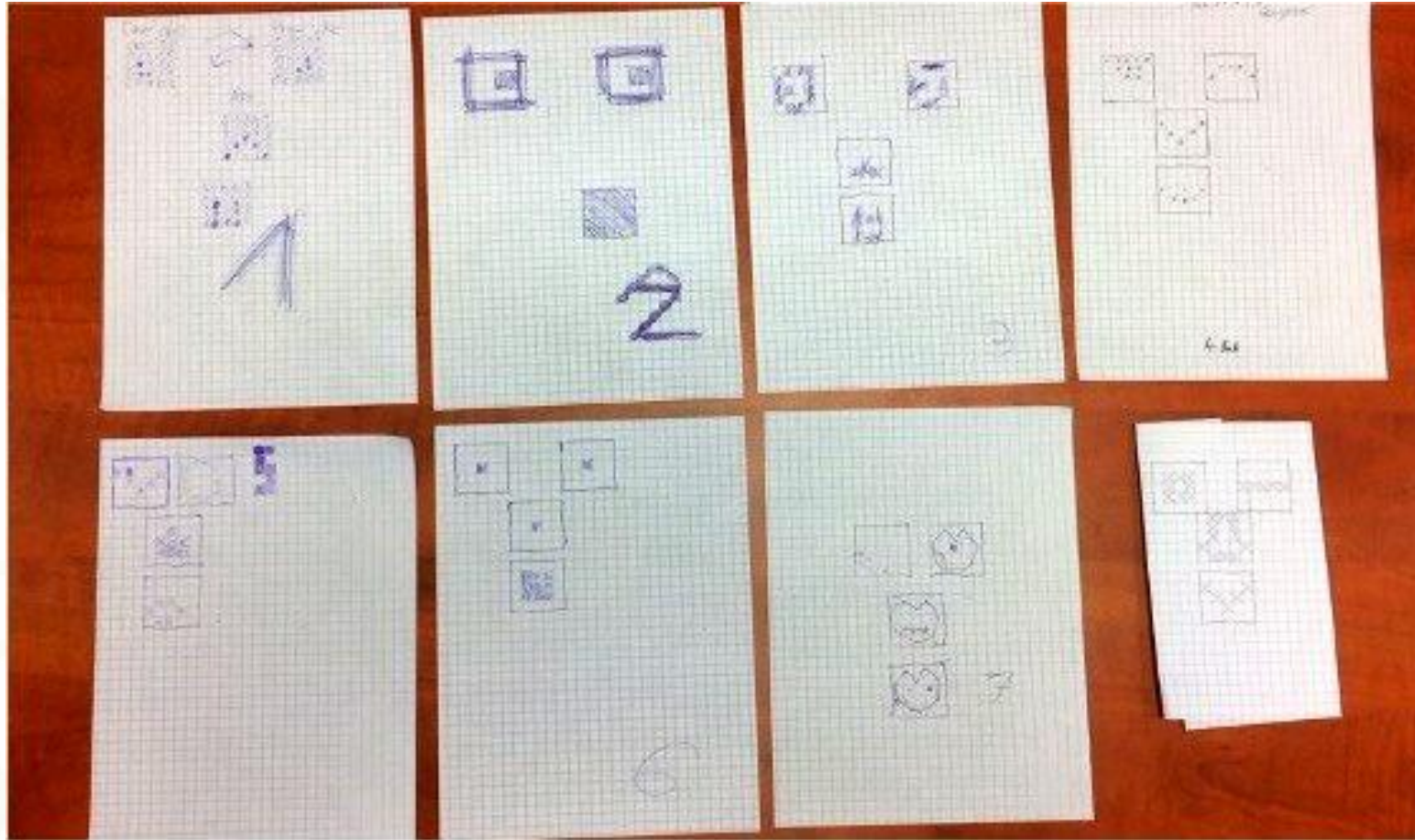
CT Project - Collaborative Smiley



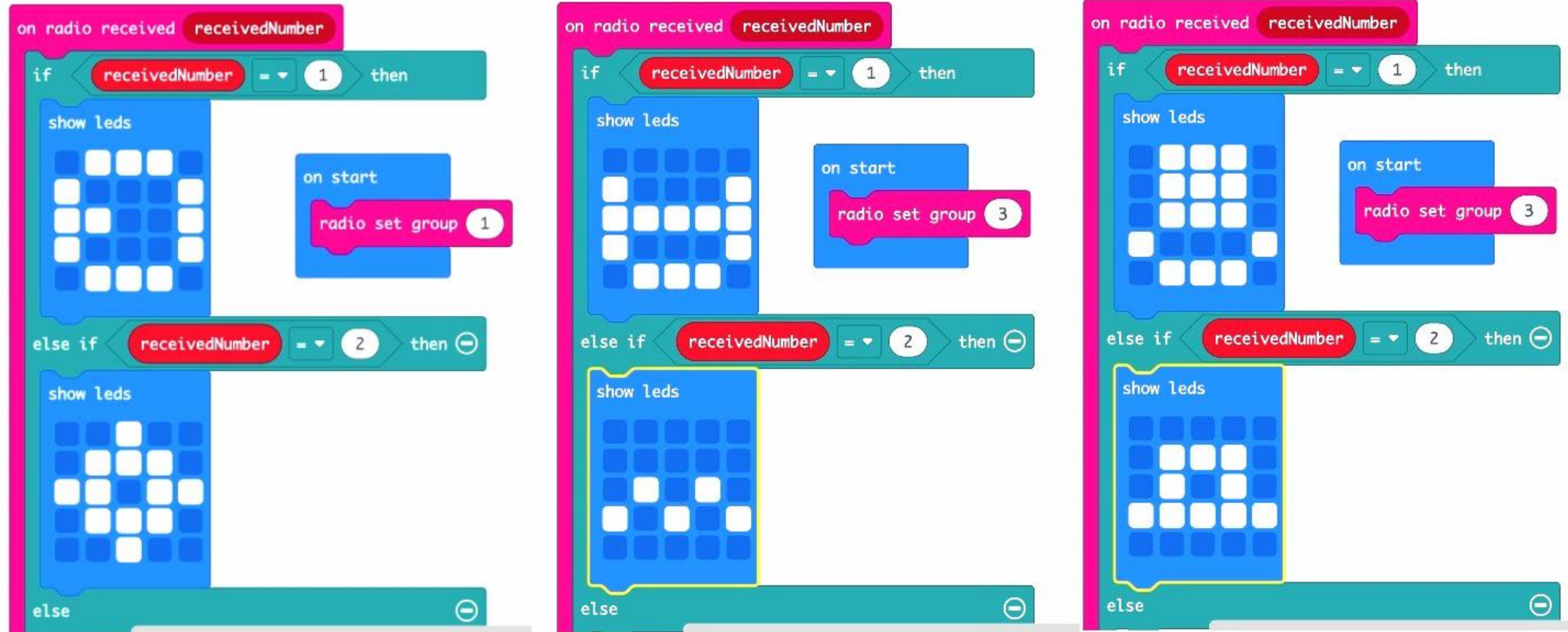
Collaborative Smiley



Collaborative Smiley



Collaborative Smiley

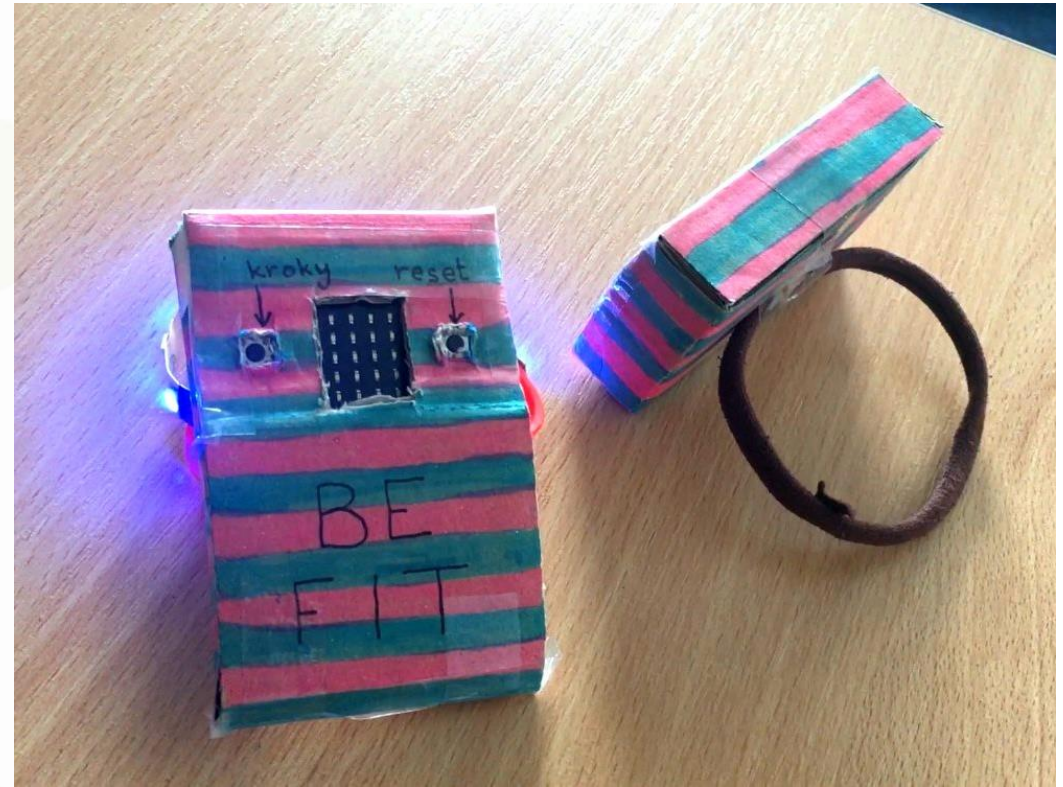


STE(A)M Projects

WaterBuddy



Be Fit

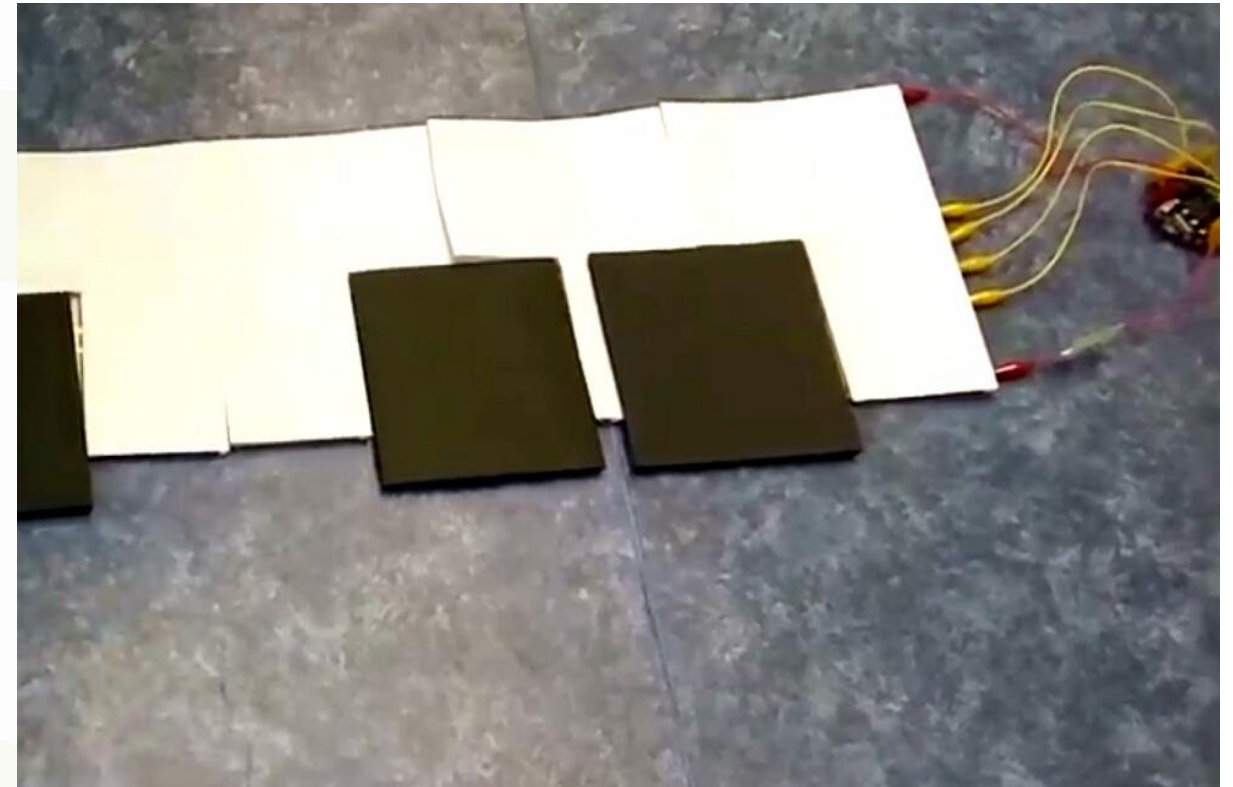


STE(A)M Projects

Color Jump

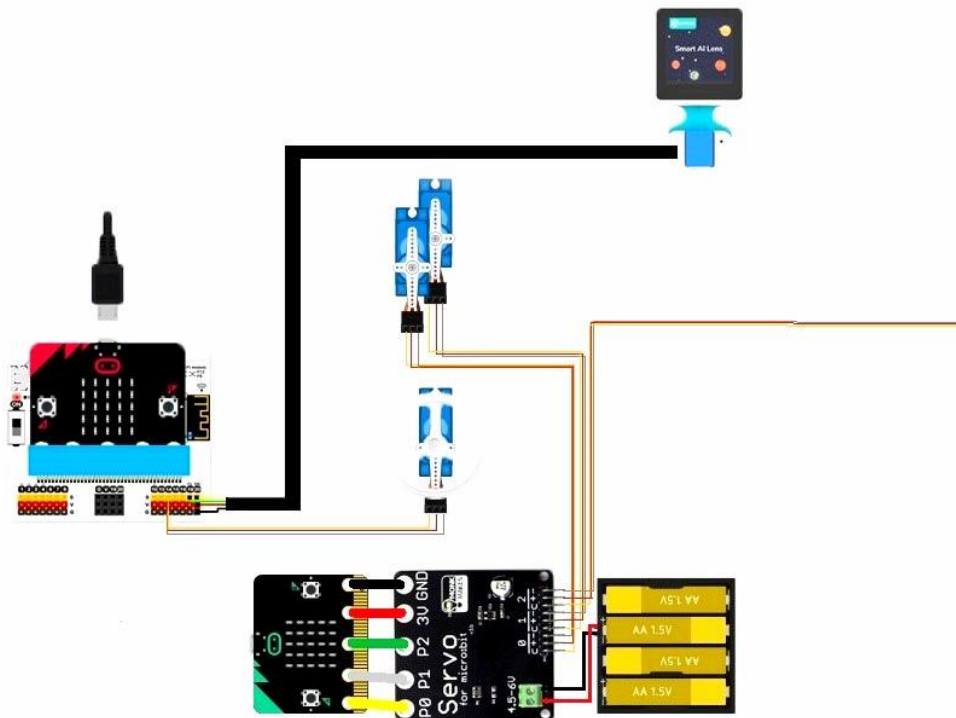


Piano



STE(A)M Projects

Sorting Machine



Thank you for your attention!

jmedova@ukf.sk
mcapay@ukf.sk
s.vanborkulo@uu.nl

